

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

1. Please replace the Abstract of the application with the following rewritten Abstract:

--ABSTRACT

~~An epidural~~ **Epidermal** injections ~~is~~ **are** used in medical procedures to administer medication to a patient's epidural space ~~in the spine~~, usually to alleviate pain. Although effective in purpose, current medical procedure to administer an epidural injection does contain a flaw that exposes the patient to possible infection, ~~usually manifested as an epidural abscess or bacterial meningitis. A source for infection stems from the manner the epidural catheter, specifically the proximal end not being inserted into the patient, is traditionally handled throughout the procedure usually freely hanging, susceptible to breaking the sterile field and becoming contaminated.~~ The current invention, an epidural catheter dispenser system, seeks to eliminate this risk of epidural catheter contamination by maintaining the epidural catheter, especially the proximal catheter end, in a sterile dispenser that can be easily manipulated by a physician. The epidural catheter dispenser system defines an inner cavity in which an epidural catheter may be loaded. When ready for use, a distal catheter end is extracted from the dispenser's inner cavity through a dispenser aperture on the dispenser's distal end piece, ~~or top~~, allowing the physician to direct the epidural catheter into an epidural needle bore and into a patient's epidural space, ~~Because the epidural catheter dispenser system and its epidural catheter contents fit easily into the palm of a physician's hand, the proximal catheter end is permanently in a controlled, contained sterile environment throughout the entire catheter placement procedure until extracted from the dispenser. The current invention minimizes and~~ virtually eliminates **eliminating** the risk of epidural catheter contamination. Thus, ~~the epidural catheter dispenser system provides benefits beyond existing epidural injection procedures including: (1) reduced risk of infection of the patient receiving an epidural injection; (2) easier catheter management for the physician; (3) better control of the medical microenvironment for the physician; and (4) improved medical efficiencies.~~

2. Please replace the paragraph on page 11, line 14 of the originally-filed specification with the following amended paragraph:

--FIGURE 1B illustrates an aerial view of the preferred embodiment for the epidural catheter dispenser system. The catheter 1 is again illustrated as wound in the dispenser's inner cavity, as defined by the sidewall 2. The catheter exits the inner cavity via the dispenser aperture 6 on the distal end piece of the current invention's preferred embodiment. A loading aperture 7 located on the proximal end piece allows for the loading or adjusting of the catheter into the inner cavity of the dispenser. In accordance with the present invention, the loading of the catheter into the epidural dispenser system is performed manually, mechanically, or through an automated process.--